



Contribution ID: 30

Type: 3rd week (Nishinomiya-Yukawa symposium)

## Grassmann bond-weighted tensor renormalization group approach to 1+1D two-color QCD with staggered fermions at finite density

*Friday, November 1, 2024 3:30 PM (30 minutes)*

Tensor renormalization group is expected to be a promising method to simulate lattice field theories at finite density since it does not suffer from the sign problem. We construct a Grassmann tensor network representing the partition function of 1+1D SU(2) lattice gauge theory coupled with staggered fermions. At finite couplings, a random sampling is applied to discretize the group integration. The initial bond dimension turns out to be  $16K$  where  $K$  is the number of SU(2) matrices sampled for each link variable. We introduce an efficient initial tensor compression scheme to reduce the size of initial tensors. Then, Grassmann bond-weighted tensor renormalization group approach is adopted to investigate a phase diagram in the  $(m, \mu)$  plane with the quark mass  $m$  and chemical potential  $\mu$ . The free energy density, number density, and diquark condensate at different gauge couplings are computed as a function of the chemical potential. We discuss the efficiency of random sampling method, our initial tensor compression scheme, and the future application toward the corresponding higher-dimensional models.

**Primary authors:** KWOK, Ho Pai (The University of Tokyo); AKIYAMA, Shinichiro (University of Tsukuba); Prof. TODO, Synge (The University of Tokyo)

**Presenter:** KWOK, Ho Pai (The University of Tokyo)

**Session Classification:** Nishinomiya-Yukawa workshop