## HHIQCD2024



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## Mass and Interaction of $1^+$ Diquark and Charm Quark in $\Sigma_c$

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In this study, we present a lattice QCD analysis of the  $J^P = 1^+$  diquark within the charmed baryon  $c^{++}(uuc)$ .

Treating  $_c$  as a bound state of a charm quark and a uu  $1^+$  diquark, we utilize an extended HAL QCD potential method to determine both the mass of the  $1^+$  diquark and the potential between the charm quark and the  $1^+$  diquark.

Unlike the standard HAL QCD approach, the mass of the  $1^+$  diquark is a non-trivial quantity that cannot be straightforwardly obtained from the two-point correlator due to the color confinement.

To address this, we employ the Kawanai-Sasaki extension of the HAL QCD method, originally developed to self-consistently determine the charm quark mass alongside the ccbar potential within the HAL QCD framework.

Our lattice QCD Monte Carlo calculations are performed using 2+1 flavor QCD gauge configurations on a  $L^3 \times T = 32^3 \times 64$  lattice, generated by the PACS-CS collaboration, corresponding to a pion mass of approximately 700 MeV.

We find a spin-independent central potential of Cornell-type along with a short-ranged, spin-dependent central potential, which takes the form of a smeared delta-function.

The resulting mass of the  $1^+$  diquark is about 867 MeV, slightly lower than anticipated. This discrepancy is likely due to statistical noise in the Nambu-Bethe-Salpeter wave functions at long distances.

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