

Explosive transitions in coupled Lorenz oscillators

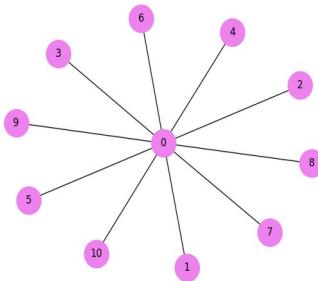
Yusra Ahmed

The equations of motion for the dynamics on the nodes is given by:

$$\dot{x}_i = \alpha_n [\rho y_i - \rho x_i]$$

$$\dot{y}_i = \alpha_n [y_n x_i - y_i - x_i z_i + \varepsilon_y (y_h - y_i)]$$

$$\dot{z}_i = \alpha_n [x_i y_i - \beta z_i + \varepsilon_z (z_h - z_i)]$$



The dynamics on the hub is given by:

$$\dot{x}_h = \alpha_h [\rho y_h - \rho x_h]$$

$$\dot{y}_h = \alpha_h [y_h x_h - y_h - x_h z_h + \frac{\varepsilon_y}{(N-1)} \sum_{i=1}^{N-1} (y_i - y_h)]$$

$$\dot{z}_h = \alpha_h [x_h y_h - \beta z_h + \frac{\varepsilon_z}{(N-1)} \sum_{i=1}^{N-1} (z_i - z_h)]$$

$$\rho = 10, \beta = 8/3, \gamma_n = 28, \gamma_h = 30, \alpha_n = 2, \alpha_h = 20, N = 500$$

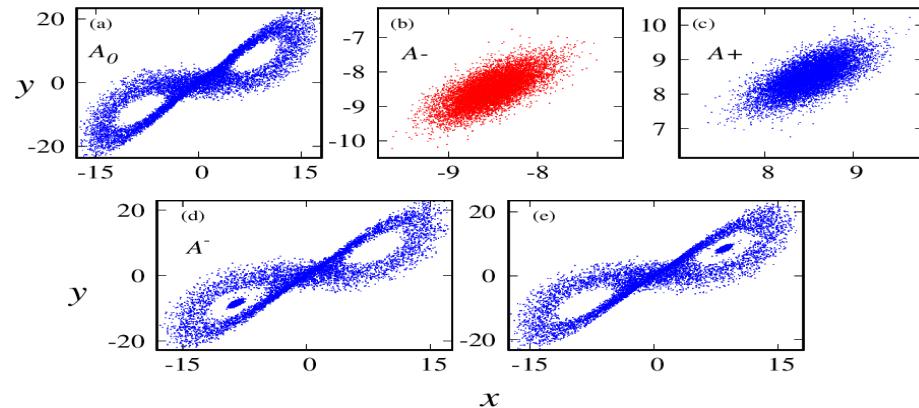
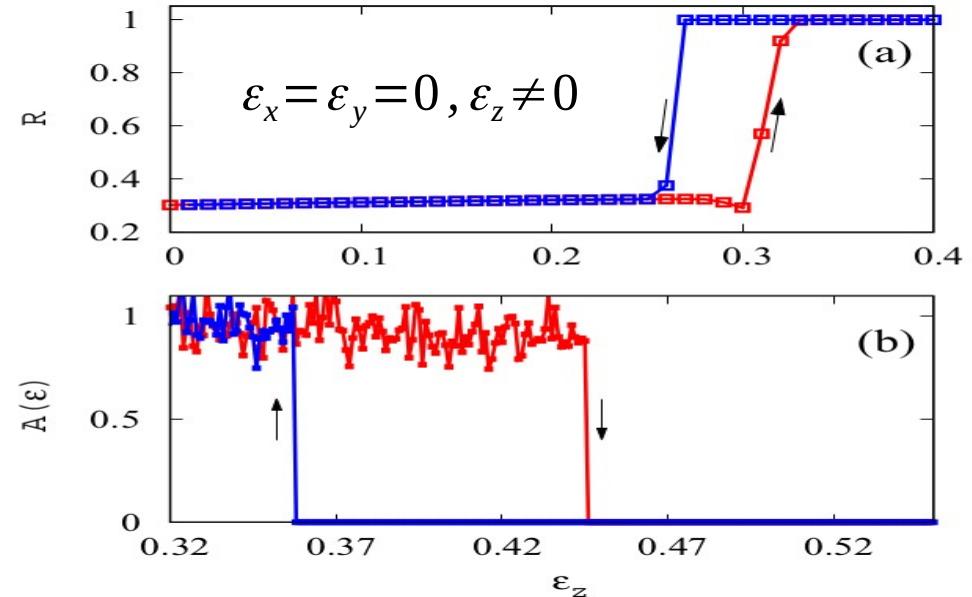
Phase order Parameter

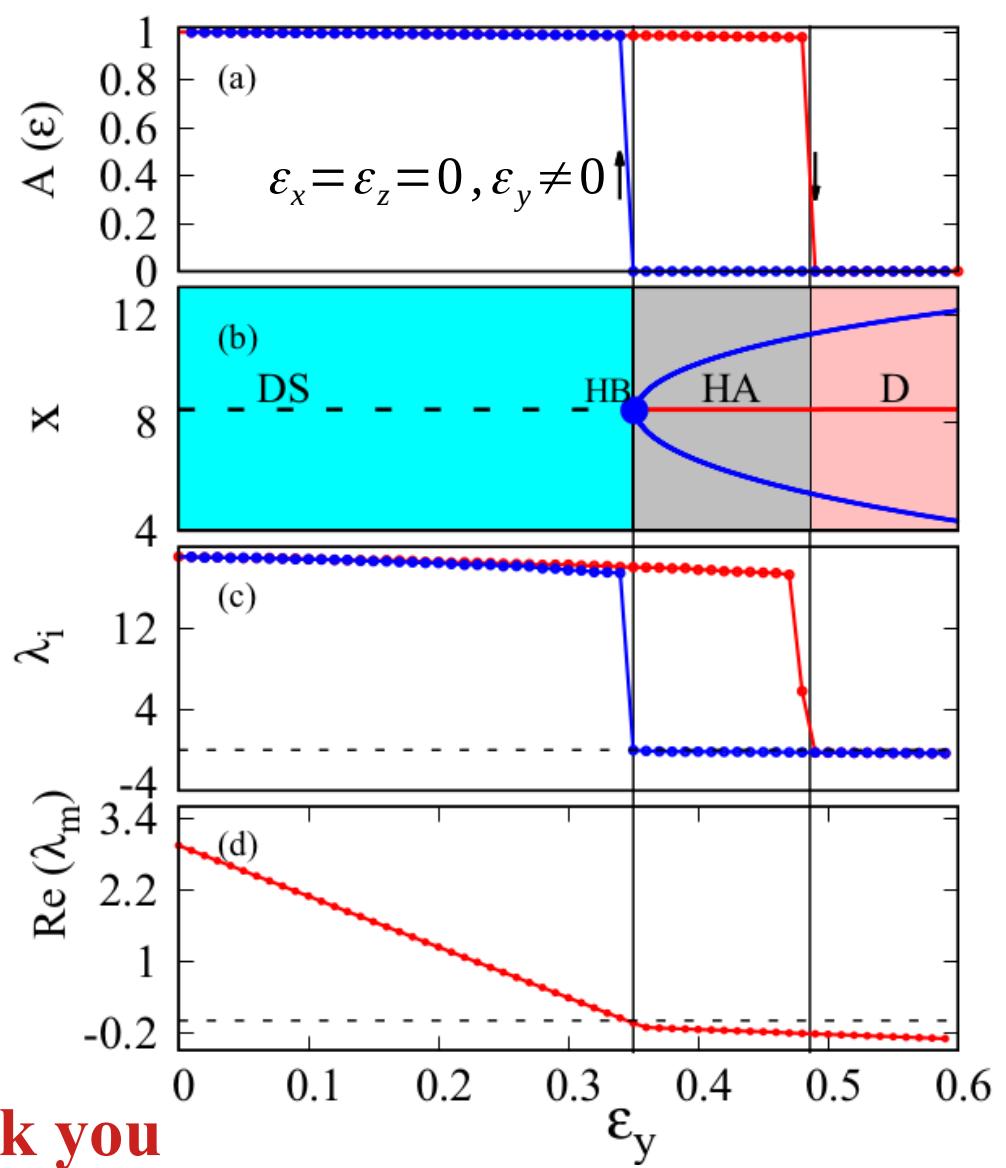
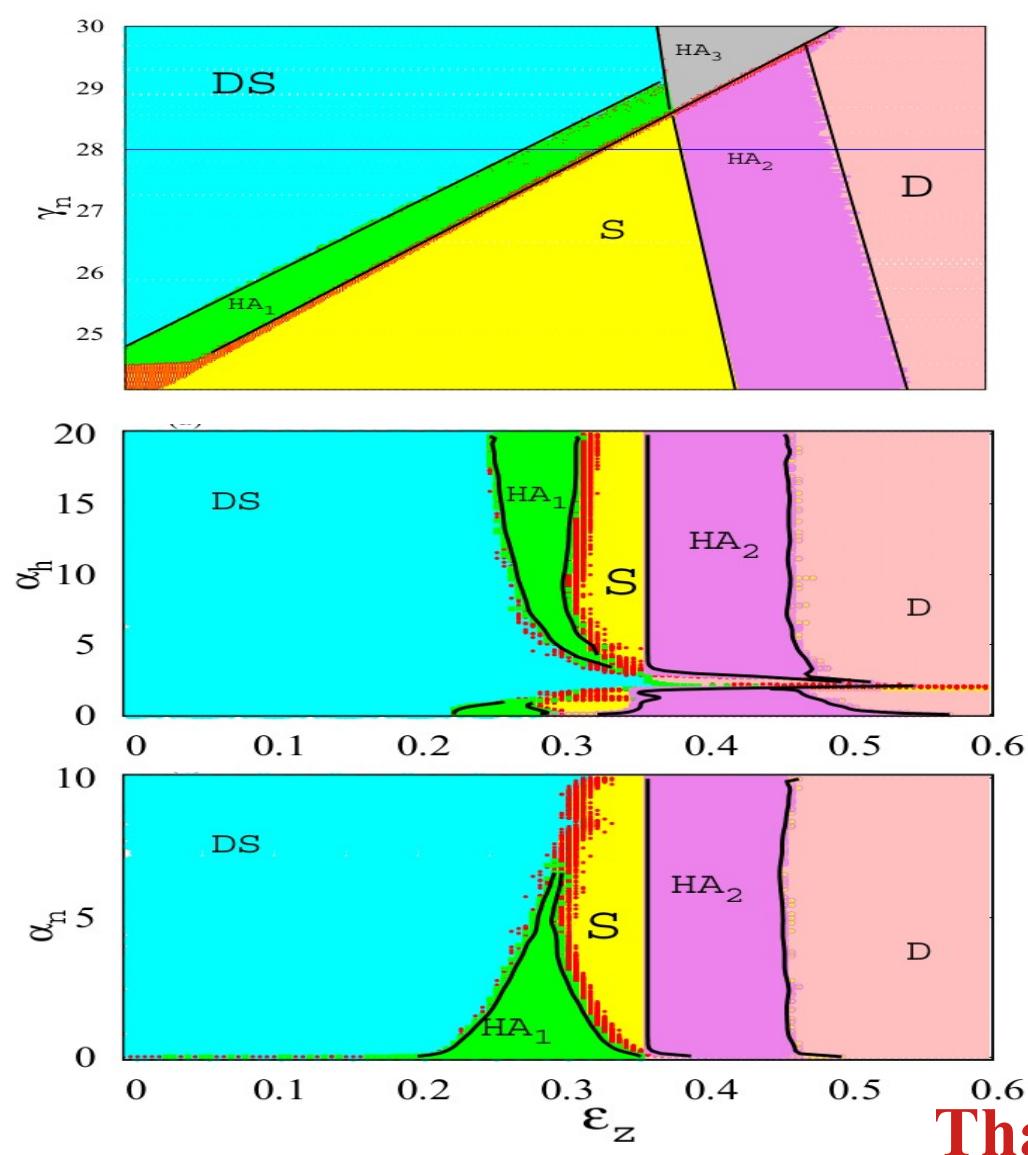
$$R = \langle \left| \frac{1}{N} \sum_{j=1}^N e^{i\Phi_j(t)} \right| \rangle$$

Amplitude order Parameter

$$a(\varepsilon) = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{i=1}^N [\langle x_{i,\max} \rangle - \langle x_{i,\min} \rangle]$$

$$A(\varepsilon) = \frac{a(\varepsilon)}{a(0)}$$





Thank you